

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Week ended April 29, 1905. Number of deaths, 5; prevailing diseases, malarial fever and tuberculosis; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Apr. 23 23 25 26 28 28	San José Preston Altai Alps Venus Katie	43 32 48 25 32 24	0 0 55 0 0	0 0 25 0 0	0 0 0 0 0

One bill of health to Panaman port was viséed.

CUBA.

Report from Cienfuegos.

Acting Assistant Surgeon McMahon reports, April 30, as follows: There were no transactions at this station during the week ended April 29, 1905.

No quarantinable disease has been reported at any point in this district during the week.

Report from Habana—Inspection of vessels—Case of tuberculosis on steamship Esperanza—Mortuary statistics.

Surgeon Wertenbaker reports, May 1, as follows: Week ended April 29, 1905.

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued	23
Crew of outgoing vessels inspected.	943
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected.	855
Certificates issued for New Orleans and Mobile	13

On board the American steamship *Esperanza* there was 1 passenger in transit for the United States, suffering from tuberculosis of lungs.

No quarantinable diseases have been reported in the city or island during the week.

Mortality in Habana during the ten days ended April 20, 1905.

Disease.	Number of deaths.
Broncho-pneumonia Cancer	2
Diphtheria Enteric fever	3
Enteritis	10
Measles. Fuberculosis	28